## Chunghwa Post Co.Ltd Special Records

Unit: NT\$

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Item	Description and the Amount of Money
1.Manager (person in charge) or staff members who	Mr. Wu, the staff of Taiping Pinglin post office issued a
have been prosecuted for business violation in the	false "purchase receipt for postage stamp" in the amount of
last year.	NT\$3,000 in the name of a colleague on January 19,2019,
	being suspected crime of forging private document.
	The investigation has been concluded by Taiwan Taichung
	District Prosecutors Office on December 22, 2020 and a
	public prosecution has been initiated.
2.Organizations or individuals who have been fined	Chungwa Post is found to use improper flyer which is
by the competent authority due to the business	mentioned the endowment insurance would be ceased when
violation in the last year.	engaging in postal simple life insurance business. That
	breaks provisions set forth in the Financial Consumer
	Protection Act, and the Financial Supervisory Commission
	(FSC) imposes a fine of NT\$300,000 in accordance with
	subparagraph 1, paragraph 1, Article 30-1 of the Financial
	Consumer Protection Act on 12th October,2020.
3.Organizations or individuals who have been	Chungwa Post was found to violate the provisions set forth
corrected by the competent authority due to the	in the Insurance Act when engaging in the insurance
business negligence in the last year.	business. The FSC corrected Chungwa Post in accordance
	with paragraph 1, Article 149 of the Insurance Act on 29th
	March, 2021. The violation incidents are as follows:
	1.Chungwa Post neither established proper internal
	regulations for the management of the insurance solicitors
	suspended from solicitation nor set up and implemented a
	mechanism to prohibit the insurance solicitors suspended
	from solicitation from executing the interim premium and
	application creating programs in the life insurance
	business system, which allowed the insurance solicitors to
	engage in insurance business during their suspension.
	2. About policyholders' participating the new insurance
	policy again after terminating the former policy of the
	same insurance product, Chungwa Post did not ask the
	insurance solicitors and underwriters to check on the

- reason for that behavior based on the new mechanism, so as to assess the need and applicability of policyholders.
- 3.As to policy loan applications, Chungwa Post did not follow the internal rules of conservation to ask the applicants to provide a letter of agreement signed by insurants who are juvenile and above 7 years old.
- 4.Chungwa Post eatablished the internal regulation of deferred acceptance of the insurance policy for the insurants who is under 5 years old and suffering from "hearing impairments". Chungwa Post did not consider offering the proposers an option to purchase the life insurance product by using exclusion rider and did not implement the internal regulation of the underwriting.
- 5.Chunghwa Post neither assessed the risk of asset-liability mismatching and the liquidity of disposal of investment upon maturity of insurance policies nor considered the conditions for repayment and early redemption of bonds in the process of decision-making or risk assessment or had relevant internal regulations regarding capital utilization in place.
- 6.Chunghwa Post neither included in the national risk assessment of any bond ETF whose investment area is clearly known as a single country nor set the numerical control over each stock traded on a single day. It did not analyze the effect of the disposal of investment assets and had no relevant internal controls over risk management.
- 7. Chunghwa Post did not manage its foreign investment properly, which was detrimental to the effectiveness of risk management and sound business operations.
- 8.The classification and evaluation of financial assets have not been adjusted in a timely manner in accordance with IFRS9 standards, moreover, the change of calculation methodology for financial asset impairment (changed to usage of expected credit loss assessment) has not been clearly stipulated in internal regulations or approved by the board of directors. Additionally, internal regulations on applying accounting and International Financial

	Reporting Standard have not been established.
4.Organizations or individuals who have been fined	None.
either individually or a total exceeding 50 million	
due to safety accidents caused by fraud, major	
incidents or failure to comply with the "Safety	
Maintenance Guidelines of Financial Institutions"	
in the last year.	
5.Others.	None.